

Future Interstates

In Texas

I-14 and Ports-to-Plains

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Safety Moment



Agenda

- 1 Overview of the Future Interstates in Texas
- 2 Interstate System Benefits and Statewide Connectivity
- 3 I-14 System in Texas
- 4 Ports-to-Plains System in Texas
- 5 Implementation Strategy and Plan

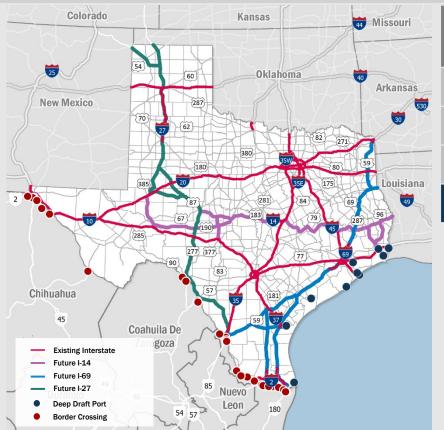
Congressionally Designated High Priority Corridors as Future Interstates





Future Interstates in Texas





Future IH Corridor	Corridor Length (mi.)	Current Interstate Highway Designation (mi.)	Shared Designation with Other Interstates
I-69	1,134	161	0
I-14	1,031	26	53
I-27*	963	124	28
Total**	3,003	311	382

When completed, the three future interstates will connect state, national and global markets through Texas seaports and border crossings.

^{*}Ports-to-Plains Corridor assumed will be designated as I-27.

^{**} The I-27 and I-14 corridors overlap along I-20 in Midland-Odessa, SH 158 from Midland to Sterling City, and US 87 from Sterling City to San Angelo. Totals have been adjusted to avoid double-counting.





Improve Safety, Mobility, and **Connectivity**



Improve Freight Movement Facilitate the Flow of Goods and International Trade



Alleviate Congestion and Improve Reliability



Improve Travel Time and Reduce Travel Time Costs



Increase Access to Markets



Create Economic Opportunities

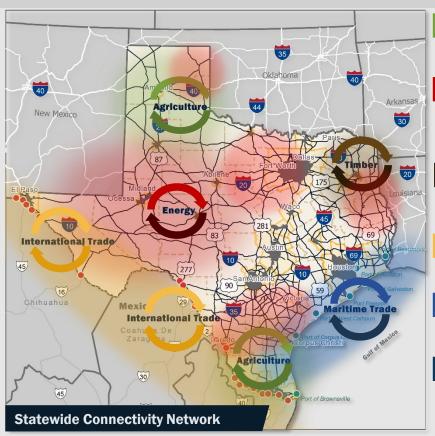


The Role of Statewide Connectivity in the State's Economic Health



Statewide Connectivity Supports the State's Key Economic Sectors





Agriculture Production

Generates approximately \$25 billion a year in sales statewide and \$12.6 billion in GSP as of 2017 agricultural census.

Energy Production

- Texas accounted for 41% of U.S. crude oil production in 2021.
- In 2021, the Texas oil and gas industry paid \$15.8 billion in taxes and royalties.

Timber and Lumber Production

In 2021, the forest sector contributed \$41.6 billion in total industry output, including \$10.5 billion in income and 172,000 jobs.

International Trade

In 2021, Texas ports-of-entry supported 69% of U.S.-Mexico international trade or \$459 billion of total \$661 billion U.S./Mexico trade.

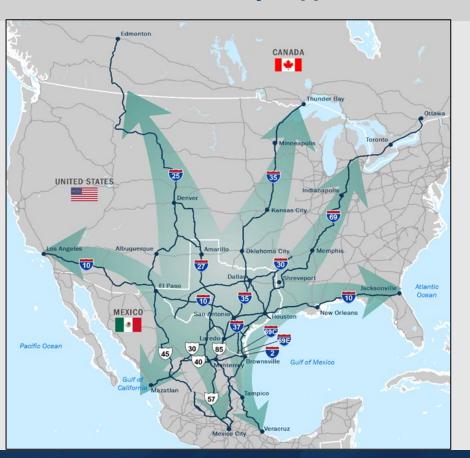
International Maritime Trade

 In 2021, Texas maritime ports accounted for \$328 billion in trade value, including over \$200 billion in exports and \$127 billion in imports.

National Defense and Security

 In 2019, Texas military bases generated over 600 K direct and indirect employment and added \$68 billion to the State's GDP

Statewide Connectivity Supports United States - Mexico Trade

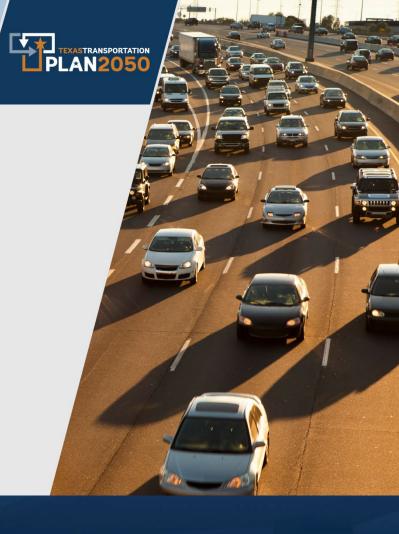


- Texas is the gateway and has more border crossings than any other state.
- Mexico is the number one trading partner and a major player in the Texas economy.
- Grown almost 7 times between 1994 and 2021, increasing from \$98 billion to \$661 billion.
- 69% of trade passes through Texas.
- Six corridors facilitate the north to south trade movements
 - I-10 / Mexican Federal Highway (FH) 45 through El Paso
 - I-27 / FH 57
 - I-35 / FH 85
 - I-69 through Brownsville
 - I-69 through Laredo
 - US 67 / FH 67
- Five interstates support the east to west trade movements
 - I-10
 - I-20
 - 130
 - I-37 through Port of Corpus Christi
 - I-45 through Port of Houston

Source: 2020 BTS Transborder Freight Data







I-14 System in Texas

National Significance of the I-14 System





I-14 System in Texas: Regional Characteristics





Over 1,000 miles

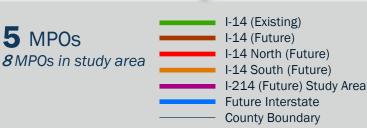
I-14 North (Future): 210 miles I-14 South (Future): 175 miles I-14 (Future): 409 miles (including 25 miles of existing I-14)

Future Interstate: 234 miles I-214 to be determined

44 Cities/Towns along route *283* cities/towns in region

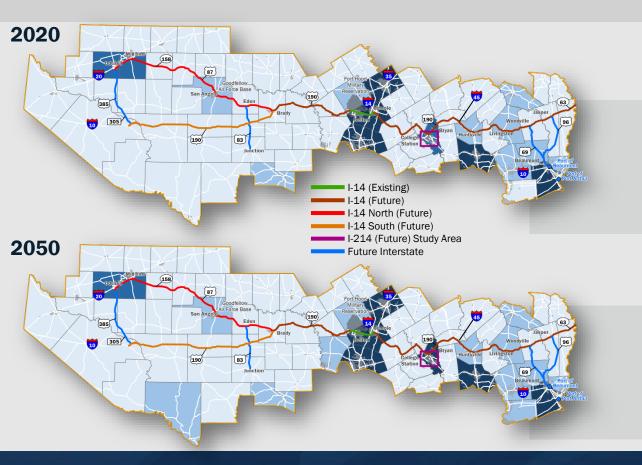
32 Counties

74 counties in study area



Total Population in the I-14 System Region – 2020 & 2050





<50,000 50,000 - 150,000 150,000 - 250,000 >250,000

Top 5 Counties

4.2_M (14.5%)

- 1. Montgomery
- 2. Williamson
- 3. Bell
- 4. McLennan
- 5. Jefferson

45.5% growth

Top 5 Counties

- **6.2**_M
- **(15.0%)**

- 1. Williamson
- 2. Montgomery
- 3. Bell
- 4. Brazos
- 5. McLennan

Source: Woods & Poole, 2022

I-14 System Economic Impact: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) 2020 & 2050







I-14 (Existing)

I-14 South (Future)

I-214 (Future) Study Area **Future Interstate**

I-14 (Future) I-14 North (Future)

Top 5 Counties

\$202.0_B

(12.7%)

- 1. Montgomery
- 2. Williamson
- 3. Jefferson
- 4. Midland
- 5. Bell



Top 5 Counties

- 1. Williamson
 - 2. Montgomery
 - 3. Midland
 - 4. Bell
 - 5. Jefferson

Source: Woods & Poole, 2022

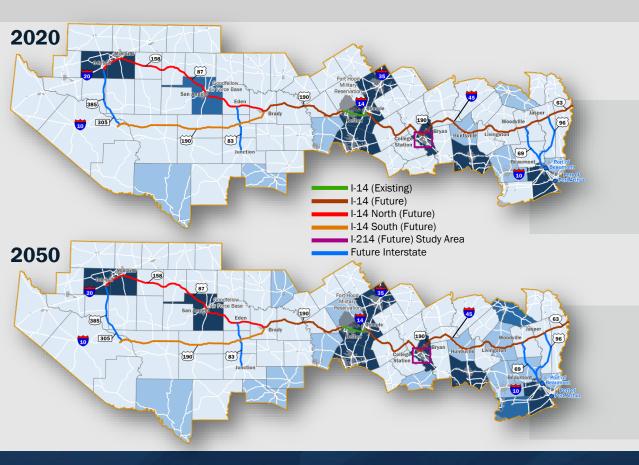
\$442.4_B (12.2%)

2050

I-14 System Economic Impact: Total Employment 2020 & 2050







<25,000 25,000 - 50,000 50,000 - 75,000 >75,000

2.2_M

(12.8%)

78.8% growth

Top 5 Counties

- 1. Montgomery
- 2. Williamson
- 3. Bell
- 4. McLennan
- 5. Jefferson

3.9_M (12.8%)

Top 5 Counties

- 1. Williamson
- 2. Montgomery
- 3. Bell
- 4. Midland
- 5. Brazos

Source: Woods & Poole, 2022



TEXASTRANSPORTATION PLAN2050

Ports-to-Plains System in Texas

International Ports-to-Plains System





Ports-to-Plains System in Texas: Regional Characteristics

Ports-to-Plains shares a corridor with **9 Interstates, US or State highways**

963 miles

I-27(Existing): 125 miles I-35 (Existing): 30 miles Future Interstate: 808 miles

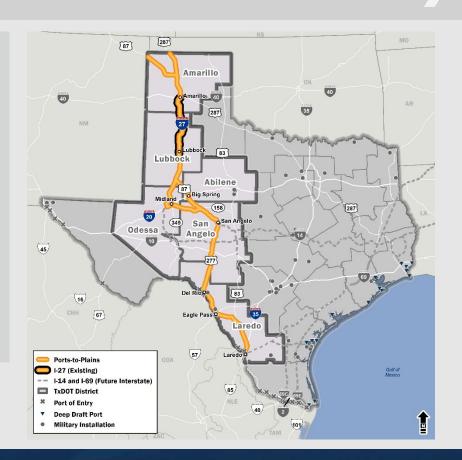
30 Cities/Towns along route

26 Counties

6 Districts 5 MPOs 6 RPOs

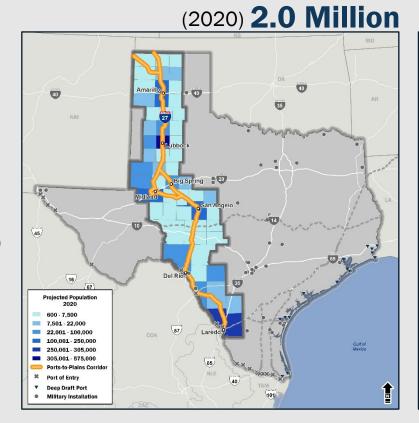
SH 158 and US 87 are also part of the I-14 System

authorized by Congress to be upgraded to interstate standards and designated as an interstate highway.

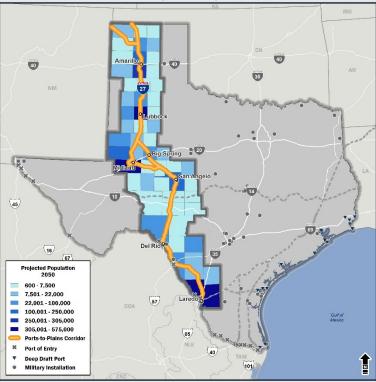


Total Population in the P2P System Region – 2020 & 2050

- Corridor total population projected to increase by \$1.2 Million
- Population projected to **grow by 61%** through 2050

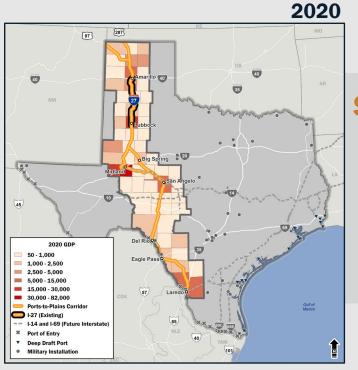


(2050) **3.2 Million**



P2P System Economic Impact: GDP 2020 & 2050





\$155B

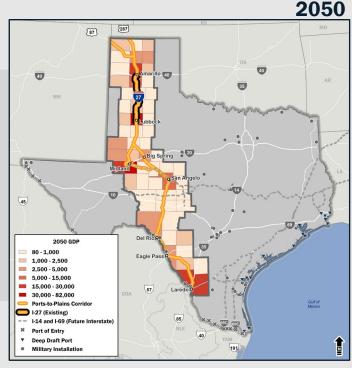
Top 5 Counties

- 1. Midland
- 2. Lubbock
- 3. Ector
- 4. Webb
- 5. Potter

\$263B

Top 5 Counties

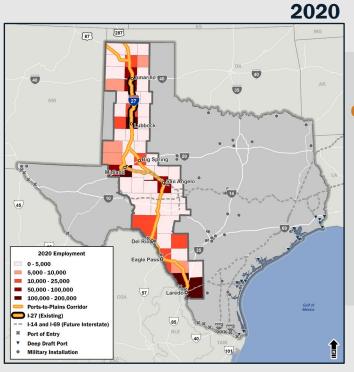
- 1. Midland
- 2. Lubbock
- 3. Ector
- 4. Webb
- 5. Potter



* = projected growth for the corridor Source: Moody's Analytics, 2021

P2P System Economic Impact: Employment 2020 & 2050





850K employed

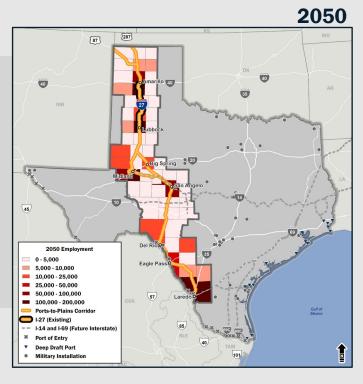
Top 5 Counties

- 1. Lubbock
- 2. Webb
- 3. Midland
- 4. Ector
- 5. Randall

1M employed

Top 5 Counties

- 1. Lubbock
- 2. Midland
- 3. Webb
- 4. Randall
- 5. Ector



* = projected growth for the corridor Source: Moody's Analytics, 2021



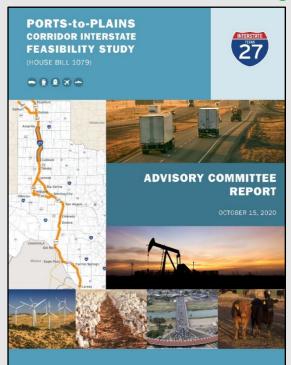
Future Interstates: Implementation Strategy and Plan



Why an Implementation Strategy

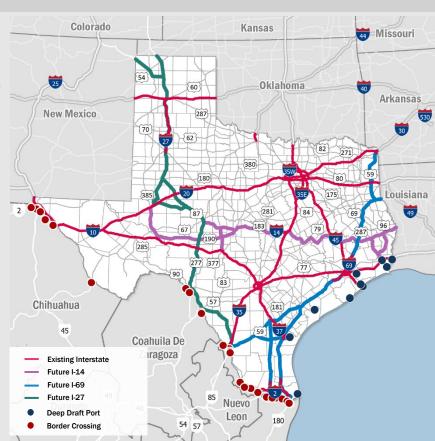
- Signed federal legislation has dictated the type of highway to be developed
- Comprehensive planning document to guide TxDOT, particularly Districts, on
 - Project identification and sequencing to develop to interstate standards
 - Identifying where relief route studies are needed
 - Estimated funding needed for construction

This is <u>not</u> a study.



Implementation Strategy: General Tenets

- Obtain interstate designations as quickly as possible
- Build from existing interstate highways (I-10, I-14, I-20, I-35, I-45), not just radiate from existing I-27 or I-14
- Prioritize project planning to interstate standards in areas that connect to an existing interstate
- Identify 4-lane highway sections (undivided and divided) that are also adjacent to existing interstate highways for initial phase of planning and development
- Some highways serve as the "Main Street" for communities
 - New alignments (relief routes) are likely in some areas to avoid a significant number of displacements
- Avoid federal and tribal lands to the extent practicable



Implementation Strategy: Key Elements

- Integration of multimodal planning initiatives
- Emerging technologies
- Stakeholder Engagement and Public Involvement
 - Host virtual Listening Sessions by sub-region
 - Conduct online public information survey
 - Webpage and Fact Sheets
- Joint workshops with Districts, MPOs, COGs, and RPOs
 - Identify planned and programmed projects to interstate standards in the UTP
 - Conduct gap analysis of areas with no current planning for interstate upgrade
 - Identify areas warranting a relief route study
- Document the planning process in an Implementation Strategy and Plan Report
- Anticipated completion: Winter 2024

Funding and Project Selection



Funding

Currently, no specific federal or state funding program set aside to build future interstate highway projects.

- Projects compete with all other Texas highway improvement projects for funding
- Continually balance competing interests throughout the state
 - New construction
 - Maintenance and preservation

Project Selection

- Annual project scoring system evaluates all projects prior to developing the Unified Transportation Program (UTP) each year
- Each project competes for funding during the annual project selection process in the UTP



Congressional designation for a future interstate does not promote future interstates above other projects

Upcoming Activities



Spring 2023

- Kickoff TxDOT District coordination and project review
 - Discuss infrastructure and gap analysis
- I-27 Advisory Committee: April 13
- Stakeholder listening sessions
 - I-14 System in Texas: April 25 27
 - Ports-to-Plains System in Texas: TBD

Summer 2023

- Public Outreach Survey
- Joint workshops with Districts, MPOs, COGs, and RPOs to identify proposed improvements for interstate standards



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